

P1 Parents Engagement

Welcome to Ngee Ann Primary School!











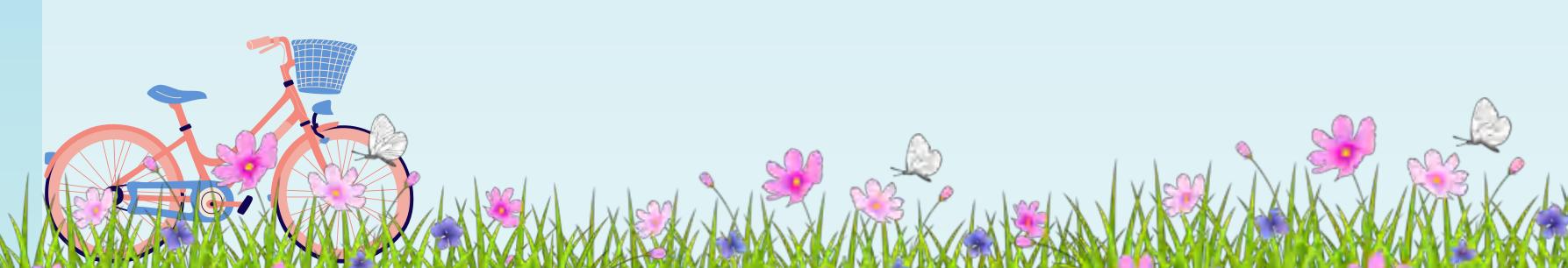




- ***** Curriculum Briefing
- **Snippet of your Child's Learning**













Welcome Address















Grow Well SG emphasises early intervention in four key areas:

Eat Well - Fuel for growth and learning. Good nutrition can support growth and enhance overall health and development.



Sleep Well - Rest for success. Healthy sleeping routines can improve concentration, mood and physical development.



Learn Well - Engage in diverse learning experiences for holistic development. Excessive screen use and unrestricted access to digital technology may hinder our children's learning and affect their mental well-being.

Exercise Well - Active bodies, active minds. Regular physical activity can strengthen bodies, sharpen minds and boost self-esteem.





An inclusive education system with opportunities for all

Every Child is provided with Timely and Appropriate Support to learn and achieve his/her potential





Every Teacher can help diverse learners to achieve their potential by cultivating an inclusive learning environment

Every Parent is understanding and caring to every child and others' children for their growth

Every School is committed to a culture that embraces and values students with diverse needs



Dandelions hope, healing, resilience, transformation



3 areas we can work together on to foster School-Home Partnership

Respectful
Communication



2 Role Models

3 Real Connections



Our children do best when schools and parents work hand in hand to support them.

Lotus Flower peace, inner calmness, and wholeness



Respectful Communication

Foster kind words and actions between schools and educators





Listen to and understand each other's perspectives and concerns regarding each child





Communicate kindly using official channels. Teachers are not required to share their personal mobile numbers



Respect each other's time by communicating during working hours





GEE ANN BISHed 1940

Show our children the skills and values they need for life





Find joy in everyday experiences with our children



Instill confidence by encouraging responsibility and believing in our children's abilities



Model good values in words and actions





Check out this video on MOE
YouTube for tips on how parents can
support the social-emotional
learning of their children.



Real Connections

Cultivate strong relationships and healthy habits in this digital age

Establish good habits for our children to stay confident and in control of their technology use





Build strong bonds through shared experiences and meaningful conversations Provide a
balanced mix of
engaging online
and offline
activities, at
school and at
home







Check Parenting for Wellness Toolbox for conversation starters to facilitate meaningful conversations, and practical strategies on parenting in a digital age.







Love and affection
Consistency and boundaries
Communication and listening
Encouragement and support











Our children make our hearts smile every day.





Enhancing your Child's Health & Well-Being















Student Well-Being



- ***** Recess Activities
- ***** Buddy Programme P1 and P4
- ***** Termly Check-In Survey and Activities
- Level Cheer and Termly Bonding Time
- ***** Teacher-Student Interaction through Dialogue
- Motivational Reward Card & Birthday Celebration
- Short Morning Sessions & Assembly Programme









- ***** Recess Activities
- ***** Buddy Programme P1 and P4













Student Well-Being

- ***** Termly Check-In Survey and Activities
- ***** Motivational Reward Card & Birthday Celebration

How do you feel about coming to Primary 1?

Sit around the emoji that reflects your feelings.











































Cyber Wellness





Did you know?

67% of children aged seven to nine in Singapore use smartphones every day, and are active on social media

	Overall	Aged 7 to 9	Aged 10 to 12	Aged 13 to 16
Smartphone	84	67	85	98
Personal laptop	32	13	30	51
Family laptop	36	44	37	27
Tablet/iPad	52	65	51	40
Others	5	7	5	5

Source: The Straits Times, 7 Feb 2021

Current age/ Starting age	Overall	Age 7 to 9 years old	Age 10 to 12 years old	Age 13 to 16 years old
3 years old or below	9%	17%	6%	4%
4-6 years old	25%	42%	24%	11%
7-9 years old	39%	41%	46%	31%
10-12 years old	22%	NA	24%	40%
13-16 years old	5%	NA	NA	14%

Age when they started using social media

Parents may not be aware of the online risks



Source: MLC-TOUCH Parent Child Poll Findings, 22 Aug 2023









It is important for our children to navigate the cyber space safely.



• equip students with the knowledge and skills to harness the power of Information and

Communication Technology (ICT) for positive purposes;

• maintain a positive presence in cyberspace; and

• be **safe and responsible users** of ICT.









Cyber Wellness during CCE (FTGP)



Lessons

During CCE(FTGP)*
lessons, students will
be taught:

- Basic online safety rules
 - Talking to only people you know
- Importance of a balanced lifestyle in exercise, sleep and screen time for health and wellbeing;
- Protecting personal information
 - Understand the risks of disclosing personal information

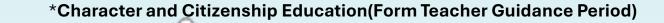
l ask my parents/ teachers before I go online to play games.

I always ask my parents in reachers whenever I am unsure about what I see online.

Staying Safe in the Cyberworld 2

This set of rules helps us to stay safe online.

E.g. Lower Primary Lesson on Staying Safe in the Cyberworld





Cyber Wellness during CCE (FTGP)

Lessons





During
CCE(FTGP)*
lessons, students
will be taught:

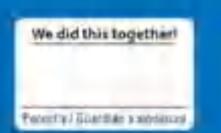
Cyber Contacts

- Understand that the profiles of strangers that we see online may not be their real identities
- Recognise the dangers of chatting with strangers online
- Parents are strongly encouraged to participate in the "Family Time" activities in the CCE (FTGP) Journal with your children to reinforce the key cyber wellness messages at home



con...

- share with my family members how I can be safe in the cyberworld.
- remind my family members to follow the safety rules together



E.g. Family Time in the lesson on Staying Safe in the Cyberworld

*Character and Citizenship Education(Form Teacher Guidance Period)







Guidance on Screen Use

As part of Grow Well SG initiative, MOH had updated the Guidance on Screen Use in Children.

7 to 12 years old:

- ✓ Less than 2 hours of screen use a day, unless related to schoolwork.
 - ✓ Agree on a screen use plan or timetable.
 - ! Do not use screens during meals and one hour before bedtime.
- ✓ When using screens:
 - Use parental control settings and check content ratings to ensure content is age appropriate.
 - ✓ Talk to your child often on what they are viewing online.

 Offer advice regularly.
 - ! You should not give your child access to social media services.
 - Do not give your child mobile devices with unrestricted access to internet and applications.
- ✓ If you have concerns that your child has problems with screen use
 - ✓ Speak to your child, develop and agree on a realistic screen use timetable to balance their screen use with other activities.
 - ✓ Seek help from the school, community partners or professionals, if the problem persists.



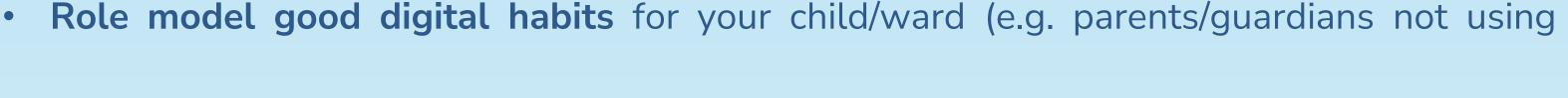




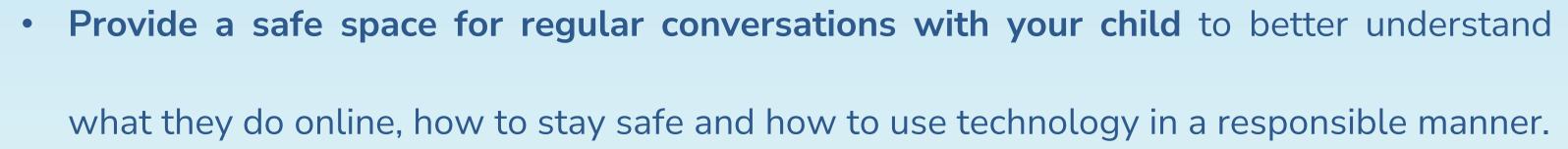


How can parents help their child develop good digital habits?





devices during mealtimes).



• Discuss and develop a timetable with your child to moderate their time spent on













- Achieving balanced screen time
 - Have consistent screen time limits.
- Using parental controls to manage device use and stay safe online
 - A group of settings that put you in control of what your child can see and do on a device or online.
 - Allow you to supervise and monitor your child's online activities and protect them from inappropriate content, online sexual grooming, cyberbullying and other online risks.
 - Used to monitor and limit screen time.









Parenting for Wellness Toolbox





- Contains quick tips and practical strategies, equipping parents with the knowledge and skills to:
 - build strong parent-child relationships;
 - strengthen your child's mental wellbeing and emotional resilience; and
 - parent effectively in the digital age.







Parenting for Wellness Toolbox





Building Relationships

Setting Goals with Your Child

As you communicate with your child, they are likely to share their hopes for what they want to achieve, as well as their challenges and worries. Setting goals together using the S.M.A.R.T. framework can guide them towards their goals, while strengthening your parentchild relationship.



€ Tips

Sample Conversations

Ask what they hope to achieve before offering



O You've been on the tradi and held team for a while. How are you feeling about the upcoming year?

> It would be nice if I could win a medal at the National School Games.



Guide your shild to set Specific goals



That's an arrazing goal! What's a good tirring. to get a medal for the 1.6 km run event?





O Currently, your timing is around 8 minutes 30: seconds. What do you need to do to be on track towards reaching your goal?

 Guide your child using specific. steps to set Achievable goals.

Make sure progress towards

the goal is Measurable



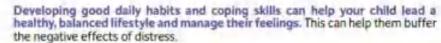
6 If your child is imposing: high expectations on themselves, guide them to set Realistic goals.

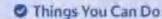
should discuss this with your team coach to see if she thinks this plan a feasible? (3 You have half a year until 6 Make sure the goals are the competition. Let's make sure you have a good plan Time-bound. that can help you meet your goal.



Building Relationships

Helping Your Child Develop Good Daily Habits







Affirm your child when they engage in good daily habits. Role model these habits yourself too.



Use a planner to keep track of daily activities.



Even during hectic periods, encourage your child to set aside time for rest and exercise.

4 important areas in our lives in which to build healthy daily habits:

(1) Nutrition



Involving your child in preparing nutritious meals can make

Limit the number of snacks available at home. Opt for water as a default beverage or choose beverages that are lower in sugar.

"What do you think about setting a rule for how often we should

(2) Exercise



Have an average of 1 hour of physical activity per day across a week, at moderate or vigorous intensity.

- This can be as simple as walking home instead of taking the bus.
- "What kind of exercise do you enjoy? How can we make this a habit?"

(3) Sleep

eat fast food?"



Have a balanced diet of nutritious food.

them more willing to eat healthly.

(4) Digital



Have a regular sleep routine and healthy pre-sleep rituals.

- Avoid screen use at least hour before bedtime.
- If your child has difficulty falling asleep due to overstimulation, they can try a non-stimulating activity like listening to soothing music.
- "What should we do or not do before bedtime?"

Have a healthy balance of age-appropriate screen use and offline activities that are important for your child's development.

When deciding how much screen use is appropriate for your child, consider your child's age and needs to strike a healthy balance. Children aged 7-12 should have consistent screen time limits.

- Have regular conversations with your child to better understand what they do online. Is it school work or are they engaging in recreational activities?
- Discuss and develop a timetable with your child to moderate the time spent on recreational screen use. Parental control settings can be used to monitor and limit screen use as agreed with your child.
- "What do you think is a reasonable amount of time to spend on your



Building Relationships

Supporting Your Child in Performing **Age-Appropriate Tasks**



Life experiences can equip your child with the skills, mindset, independence and confidence needed to thrive on their own.

> You can intentionally create a nurturing and empowering environment that is safe and conducive for your child to try new things and learn from setbacks.

Things You Can Do



Involve your child in selecting and scheduling activities for the family (e.g. planning meals or doing grocery shopping). When your child is ready, encourage them to plan these activities independently.



Give your child opportunities to make ageappropriate decisions.

- · For younger children, this could be found in day-to-day matters like what to eat or what co-curricular activity to join,
- For older children, this could involve more Important decisions in areas such as careers or relationships.



Involve your child in household chores.

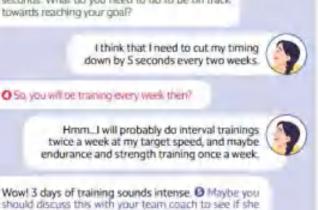
- Show your child how to do the chores properly, then do it together with them. Finally, encourage your child to try doing it on their own.
- Allow your child to make mistakes and learn
- · Affirm your child's progress while they are doing the chores, instead of only after they have completed them.

- O Things You Can Say
- 1) Affirm your child's efforts and encourage them to try again If

It was nice of you to help me cook. I know the chicken was a little charred, but it's okay. Let's try again next week. What changes shall we make In the cooking process?

(2) Express concerns in an open and respectful way. Let your child know that you trust their judgement.

> While I don't think that you should leave your pieces of homework till the last week of the holidays, I trust that you have planned enough time to complete them.





Parenting for Wellness Toolbox





Building Relationships

(A)

Build Healthy Relationships

Healthy relationships and supportive networks contribute to your child's overall well-being, and allow them to experience a sense of community and belonging.



Things You Can Do



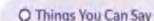
Expose your child to a range of social situations.

- For younger children, create opportunities for them to interact with other children of similar ages (e.g. attend school camps).
- For older children, encourage them to make friends with peers who have similar interests.



Encourage your child to strengthen existing relationships.

- Foster healthy relationships with supportive extended family members.
- Encourage your child to stay in touch with their friends and trusted adults (e.g. meet up with former classmates, visit former teachers on Teachers Day)



 Talk to your child about the qualities that make a good friend (e.g. empathy, being respectful), and how to exhibit these qualities.

When you see your friend struggling, put yourself in their shoes. How would you want a friend to support you?

② Older children are often figuring out the balance between being themselves and fitting in with others. Stay connected with your child and let them know that they can talk to you if they feel pressured to act in ways that they are uncomfortable with.

> If you ever feel pressured to do something or be someone you are not in order to fit in, please know that you can come to me to share your thoughts and struggles. We will work through that together.

(3) Listen to your child's problems and ask probing questions to help them find ways to resolve their friendship issues.

How has this affected you or your friend?

What are your expectations of a good friend?

How can you make things better?

Navigating the Digital Age

Helping Your Child

Manage Device Use & Stay Safe Online





Develop a Family Screen Use Plan

- A family screen use plan consists of screen use rules, their consequences and screen-free activities that the family can engage in
- As a family, create your screen use rules by discussing and agreeing on expectations of screen use and the consequences of breaking these rules clearly.

Vour screen use rules can include:

Device-free

times and

places.



Z

Time limit for devices

- "What are some suggestions on when and where devices should not be used?"
- "What should we do if we break our agreement?"
- Decide as a family what screen-free activities you want to engage in, like going outdoors, playing sports or playing board games together.
- "What screen-free activities do you think we can do together?"
- Engaging your child in the process of creating screen use rules and inviting them to suggest activities to do together helps increase their ownership of the whole family screen use plan.
- "What do you think of our screen us erules?"



Role Model Behaviours and Have Open Conversations

- Be consistent in role modelling positive screen use behaviours and habits.
- Engage your child in open conversations about their online activities, how to navigate the online space and its associated challenges.
- State observation: "I noticed you have been spending a lot of time on your device."
- Ask open-ended questions: "What do you usually do on your device?"





Building Relationships

Giving Your Child

S.P.A.C.E. to Build Resilience





Resilience is not something that you are either born with or not. It is something that everyone can develop and grow. Give your child space to find ways to solve their problems, while remaining available to provide help if and when they reach out. This will help your child see their family as a safe and reliable source of support.

Give your child \$.P.A.C.E. by trying the following tips:

€ Tips

O Sample Conversations

Support

- Let your child know that you are there for them
- Be willing to listen to your child

2 Problem-solve

 Guide your child in solving problems together

B Affirm

- Affirm your child's strengths and effort
- Provide your child with words of encouragement

Cheer

- Cheer your child on for the effort that they make
- Share inspirational stones of how you or others had overcome challenges

6 Empower

- Let your child make decisions
- Encourage your child to voice their ideas, and to carry out plans that they have made.



Can I practise for my next presentation with you as my audience?

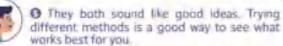




Yes, you can! O Let's take baby steps towards your goal and learn along the way.

I think I might also want to try preparing a speech, and timing myself to ensure that I keep to the time limit.















- 1. Parenting for Wellness Main Site (link)
- 2. Parenting for Wellness Toolbox (link)
- 3. MOE's online publication Schoolbag (link)
- 4. Screen Time Advisory (link)
- 5. Screen Use Agreement (<u>link</u>)
- 6. Families for Life Parenting Resources (<u>link</u>)









Start It Right



Attendance & Reporting Time

- Regular attendance is important.
- Report to school before 7.30am.
- Students who are absent should produce a Medical Certificate and pass it to their Form Teacher on the day they return to school.



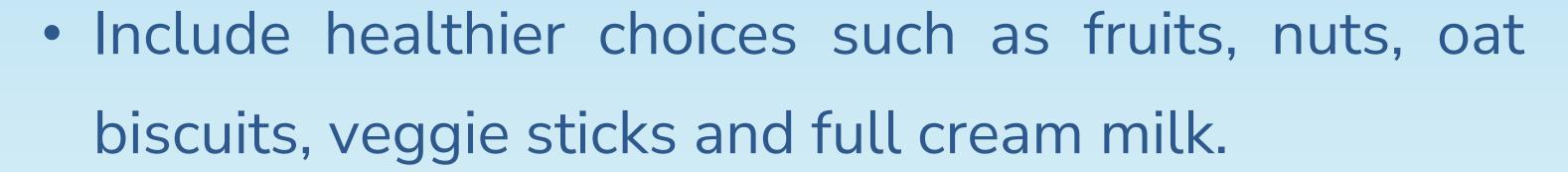


Eat Well





Snack Time





Refrain from providing chips and sweet juices.







Nurturing Responsibility





Labelling of Items

- Label personal items such as water bottles, lunch bag, stationeries etc.
- Remind your child to take their belongings along with them.













Excel Beyond Exam Results



- Holistic assessments use of qualitative descriptors to report students' learning
- Help our young ones to discover more joy and develop stronger intrinsic motivation in learning









English Language Curriculum



















English Language



CONTENTS

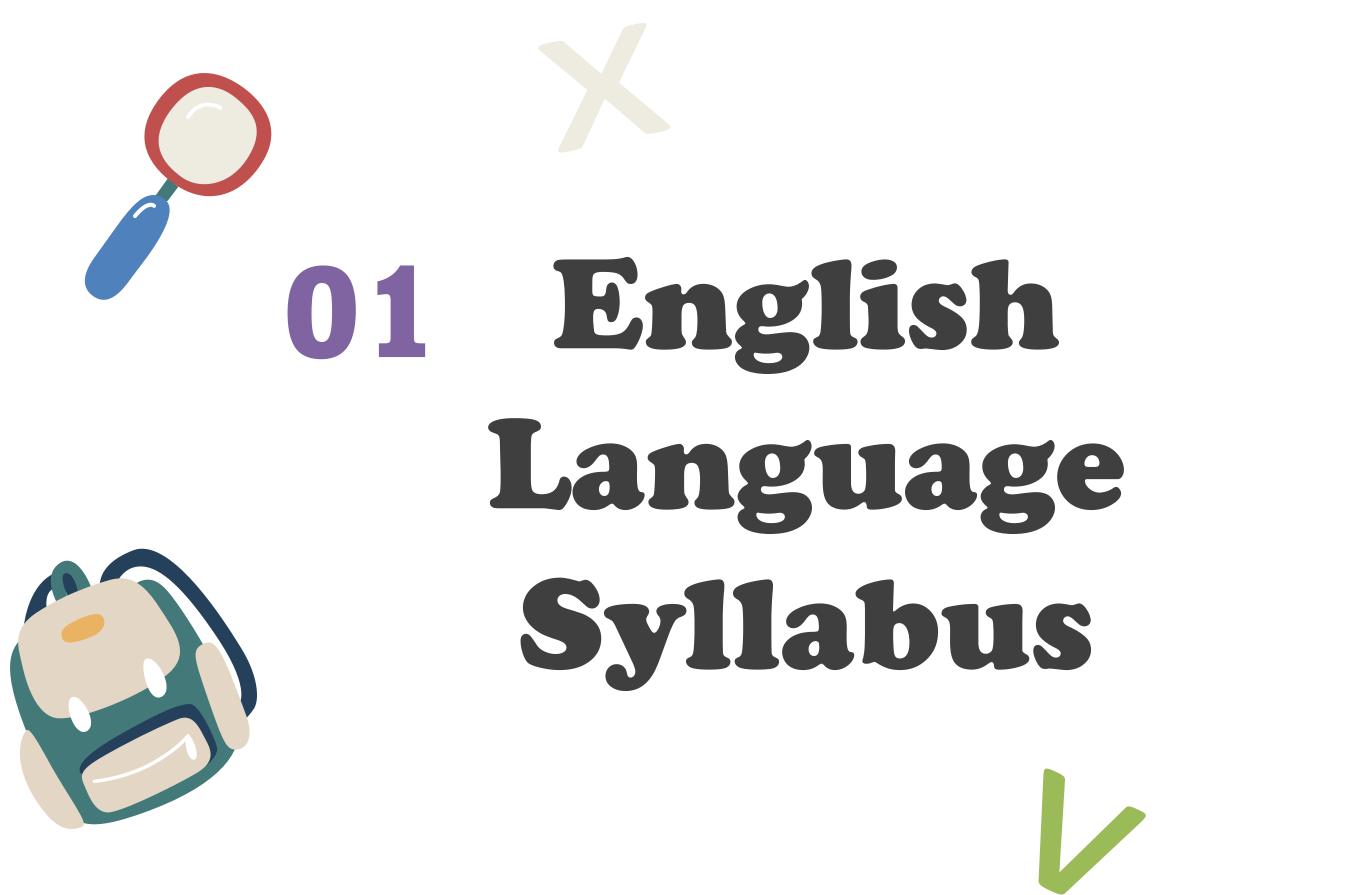


English
Syllabus 2020











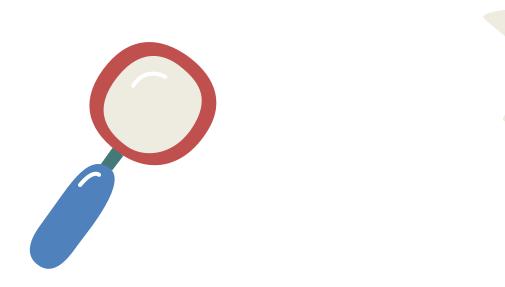


English Language Syllabus



- ELS 2020 makes learning relevant for our students in the context of the 21st century.
- It focuses on building stronger fundamentals while equipping our students to learn for life.







02 STELLAR







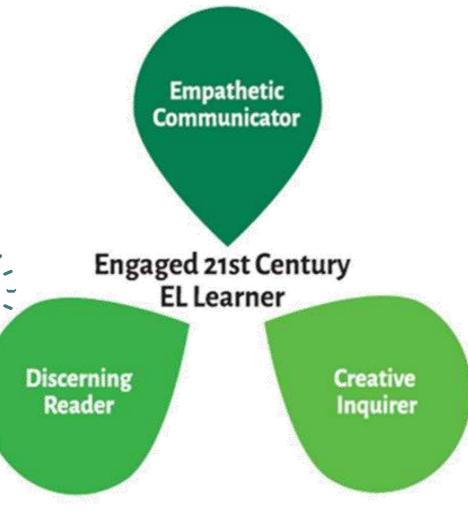
What is STELLAR?



Strategies for English Language Learning And Reading

It aims to nurture students who are confident communicators, critical thinkers, and effective users of English.

It is designed to develop students' language skills through a rich and engaging literacy experience – to further develop in them the values, dispositions and skills to listen actively to multiple perspectives.







How do we monitor the learning progress of a child?

- There are no examinations for Primary 1 and Primary 2 students. Their progresses are monitored through their daily work and activities.
- Formative feedback provides more accurate and timely feedback to support students' learning, gauge their learning progress and address their learning gaps.

How do we monitor the learning progress of a child?



- Classwork, discussions and bite-sized assessment are some examples of checkpoints which allow teachers to gather information about students' learning.
- Qualitative descriptors will also be used in place of marks and grades to report students' progress.

Qualitative Descriptors (QDs)

P1 Loarning Outcome

Skille

Writing

SKIIIS	P1 Learning Outcomes	P2 Learning Outcomes
Listening	Listen attentively and follow simple instructions.	Listen attentively and identify relevant information.
Speaking	 Speak clearly to express thoughts, feelings and ideas. Follow communication etiquette such as taking turns, and using appropriate eye contact and volume in conversations or discussions. 	 Speak clearly to express thoughts, feelings and ideas. Build on others' ideas in the conversations or discussion respectfully.
Reading	 Demonstrate basic word recognition skills (e.g. know the letters of the alphabet; able to pronounce words accurately). Understand Primary 1 Texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) and are able to identify simple aspects of fiction (e.g. main characters and setting). Read aloud Primary 1 texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) with 	 Read multi-syllabic words accurately. Read aloud Primary 2 texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) with accuracy, fluency and expression. Understand Primary 2 Texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) and are able to identify the big ideas in the texts and recall sequence of main events.

- Demonstrate writing readiness and handwriting skills such as letter formation, placement, sizing and spacing.
 Write a simple paragraph of at least 2 contanges to
- Write a simple paragraph of at least 3 sentences to recount appropriately sequenced events.

accuracy, fluency and expression.

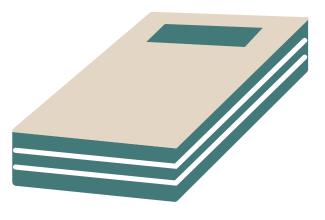
- Apply basic spelling strategies using knowledge about phonic elements and spelling rules
- Write short paragraphs to recount appropriately sequences event, describe details, and use tenses and connectors accurately.





LEARNING EXPERIENCES @NAPS





Developing language competencies to bring about learning outcomes:

Listening & Viewing

Big Books, songs, and storytelling to develop listening and comprehension

Reading & Viewing

Shared Book
Approach
(SBA) and
Supported
Reading

Modified Language Experience Approach (MLEA)

Writing & Representing

Reflections
presentation, roleplaying, and class
discussions



Speaking & Representing

Writing and Representing – collaborative work and class dictated story







Story Exploration Circle

Collaboration
, Collective
decisionmaking

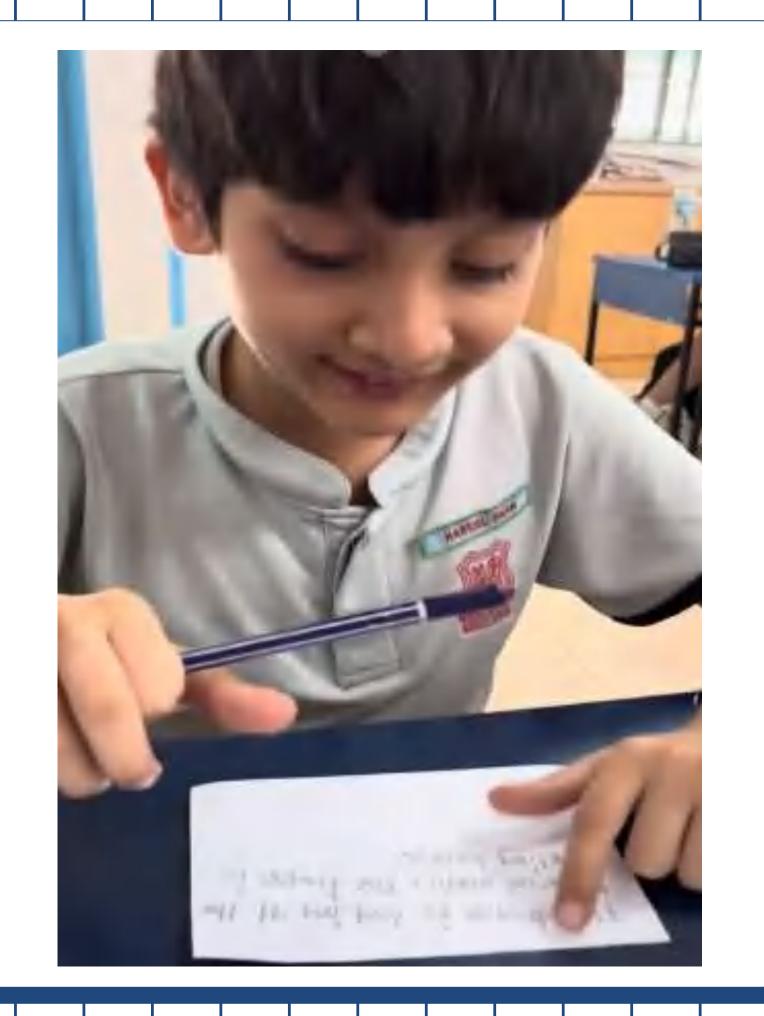


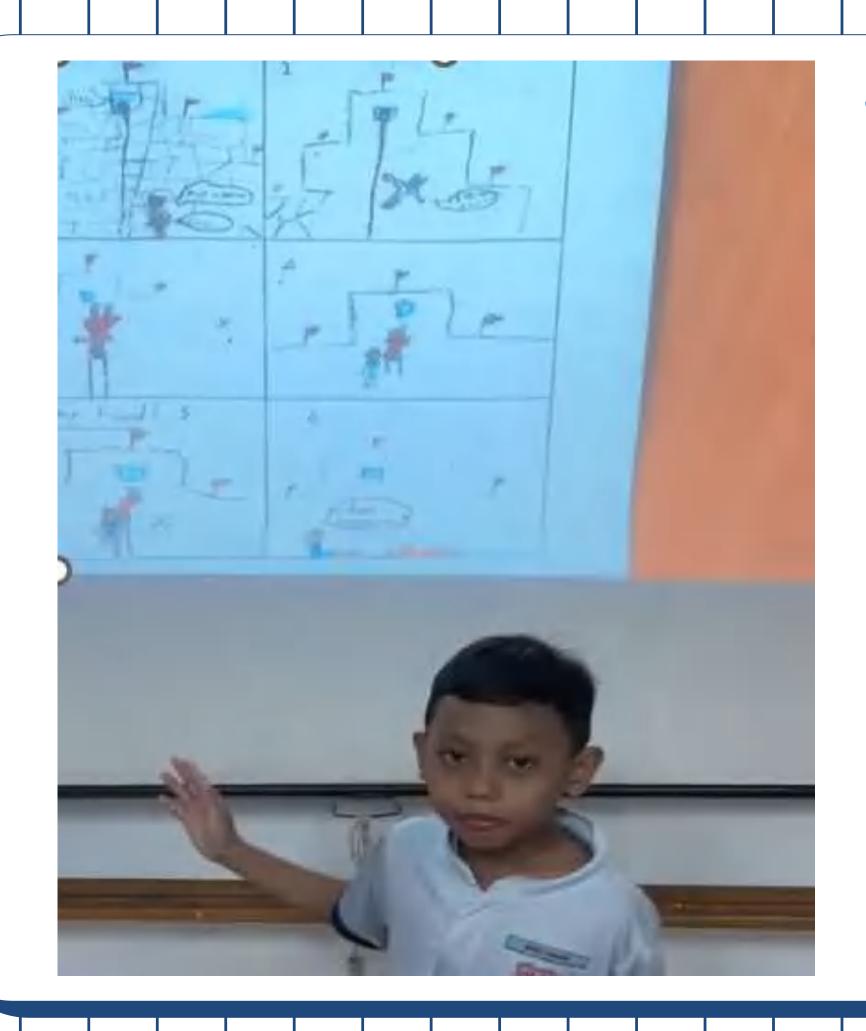


Builds confidence in sharing of ideas

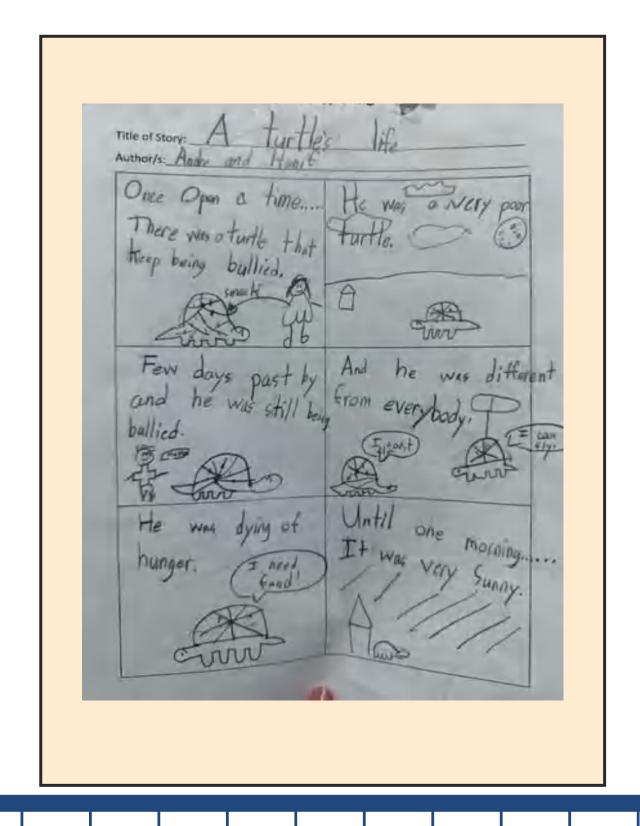
Strengthens expression and active listening skills

Fostering Creativity, Respecting Diversity

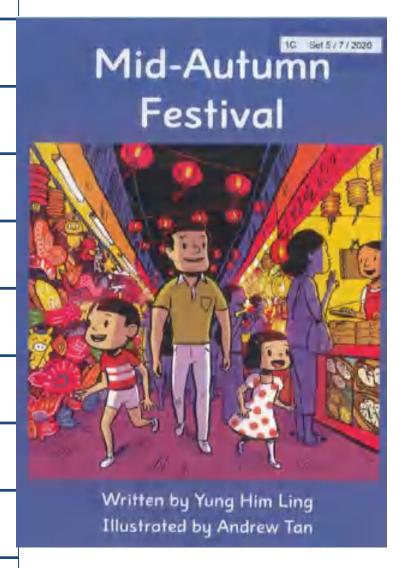




Stretching Students' Learning. Realising their Potential.



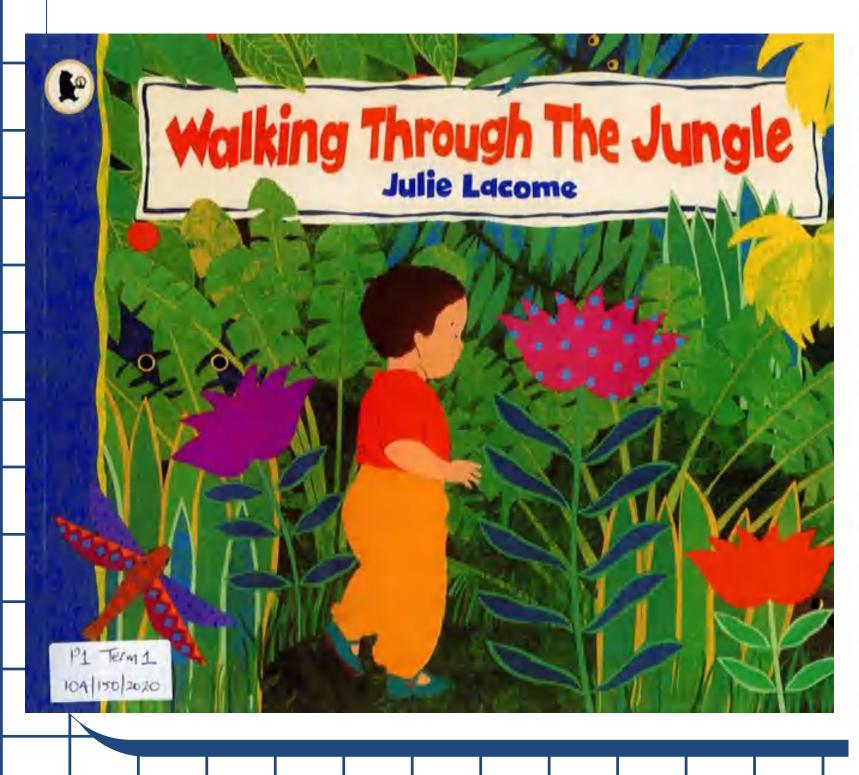
Language Activities







Language Activities











Encourage Joy of Learning by ...

- not over-emphasising academic performance
- focussing on your child's/ward's learning journey, rather than compare them to others

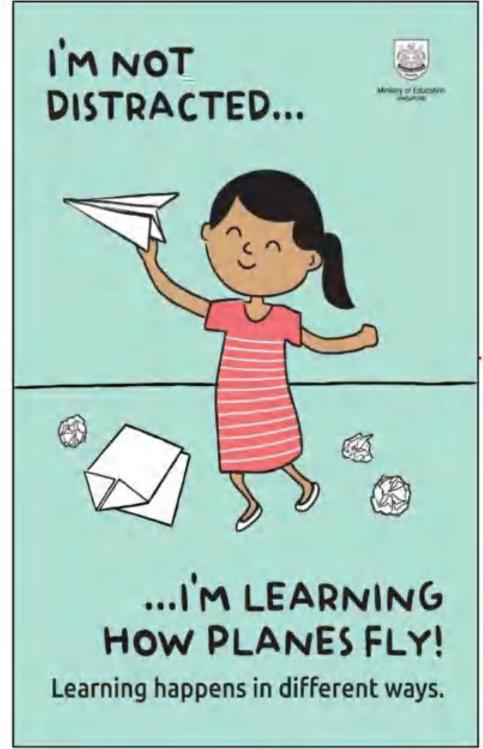






Give your child/ward the time and space to deepen learning





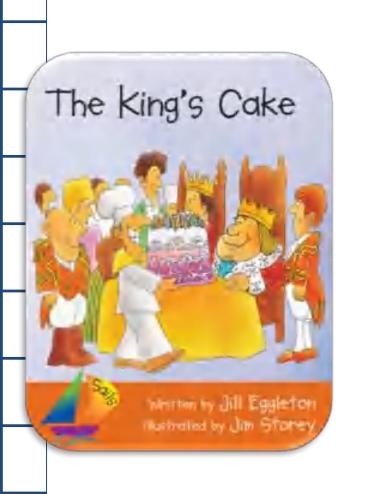


READ!



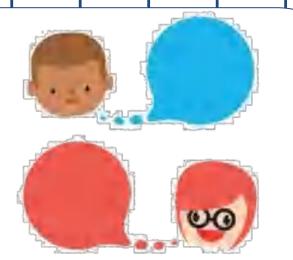
- ✓ Read to/with your child (or, have your child read to you)
- ✓ Opens up the world for children
- ✓ Helps children think and wonder
- ✓ Increases children's vocabulary and knowledge about the world around them
- Provides good examples of writing

Some activities you can engage your child in



- ✓ Helping your child learn more interesting words by replacing known words
- E.g. 'big' huge, enormous, gigantic, etc.
- ✓ Getting your child to retell a story to you in his or her own words
- ✓ Suggesting that your child provide a different ending to the story read

How you can help your child



HAVE CONVERSATIONS

- > Talk about the characters and story
- Improves speaking and listening skills and enhances vocabulary
- Model turn-taking and social etiquette while being engaged in conversations and discussions with others

How you can help your child

WRITING

- > ensure that your child has acceptable penmanship
- > maintain a daily journal,
- > write short stories or letters
- > fostering creativity and enhancing writing skills



THANK YOU!









Mother Tongue Curriculum

Subject Head (Chinese Language), Ms Angeline Lee







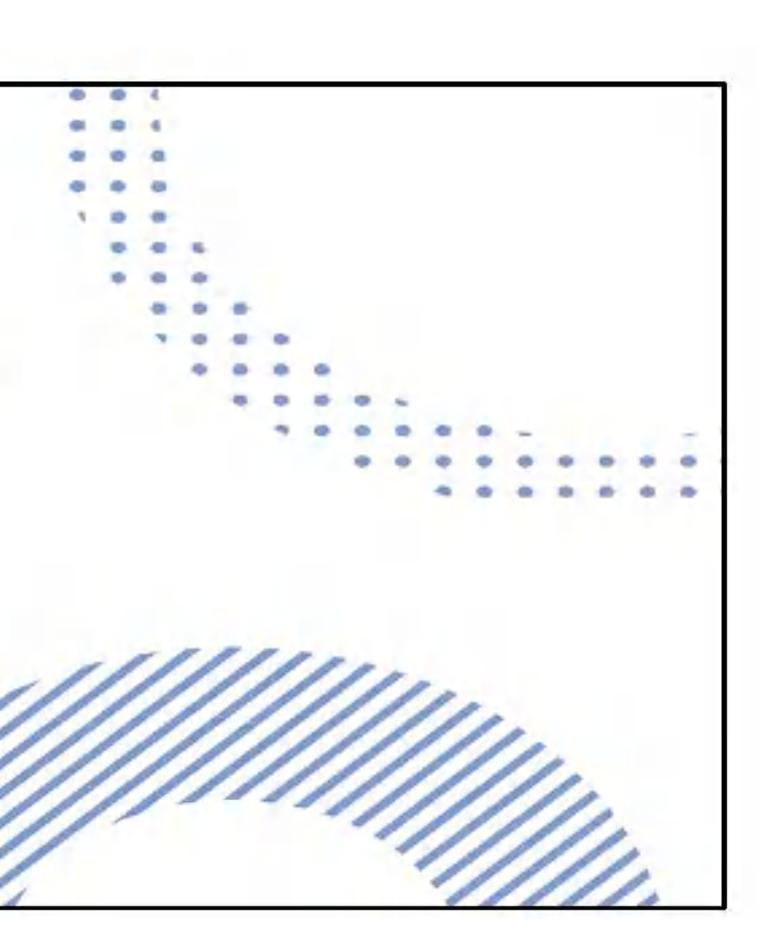




2024 Primary Mother Tongue Languages (MTL) Curriculum

Information Session for Parents

A PRESENTATION BY MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SINGAPORE



Overview

1. 2024 New Primary Mother Tongue Languages Curriculum

2. Key Features of the New Primary MTL Curriculum

3. Supporting Your Child in MTL Learning

2024 Primary MTL Curriculum Framework

- 1. The New Primary MTL Curriculum was implemented last year starting with Primary 1 and it builds on the strengths of the 2015 curriculum.
- 2. The new curriculum places greater focus on helping students to **experience the joy of learning MTL**, so as to motivate them to like and learn MTL for life.
- 3. The new curriculum equips learners with the communication and language competencies, culture & values and 21st Century

 Competencies and helps them become confident MTL users.

Joyful Learning, Confident User



2024 New Primary MTL Curriculum Framework

Greater emphasis on 21st century competencies





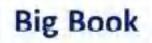
Cross-Cultural Literacy

 Learning about the making of lumpia (Philippines' version of popiah)









Civic and Cross-Cultural Literacy

 Comparing spinning tops in Singapore and other countries (Malaysia, China and India)

Support students through visual, auditory and kinesthetic learning methods

க்கோல்



TL Digital Resource: Reading Pen

- Reinforce learning of TL letters
- Learn correct pronunciation of letters
- Promote self-directed learning
- Create more joyful learning experiences



Printed Resource: Spot the Difference Game

- To learn by playing
- To improve word recognition by associating with pictures/visuals

- 5

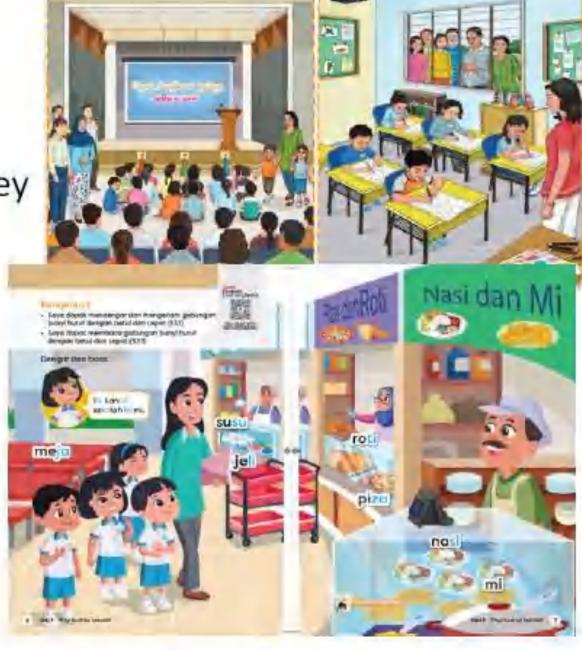
Authentic contexts and materials

Settings and contexts that students can relate to and to encourage them to use what they have learnt in their daily lives.



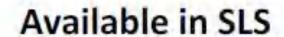
Textbook

 Students to describe and share their daily routines and good habits with their friends.



 Students to learn about canteen food and vocabulary they can use in conversations.

Support students through visual, auditory and kinesthetic learning methods













Digital Resource: e-Big Books with interactive features to develop Oracy Skills, and to promote reading at home

Student Learning Space Use of technology to sustain interest and encourage self-directed learning





CL Digital Resource: Hanyu Pinyin Animation



TL Digital Resource: Tongue Placement Videos





CL Digital Resource: Hanyu Pinyin Games





TL Digital Resource: AR Experience

ML Digital Resource: **Bridging Videos**







*

Resources for Primary One



Printed Resources

Textbooks,
Activity Books,
Writing
Exercise Books,
Big Books,
Small Readers



ICT Resources

Animations, Videos,
Audios, Songs and
Rhymes,
Animated Reading
Texts, Interactive
Games, etc



Toolkit

Picture cards, Board Games, Letter/Word Cards, Character Cards, Grammar Cards, Letter Manipulatives, Reading Pen, etc

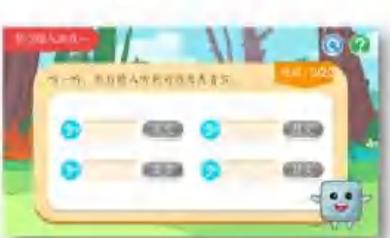
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Examples of Learning Resources (Chinese)



















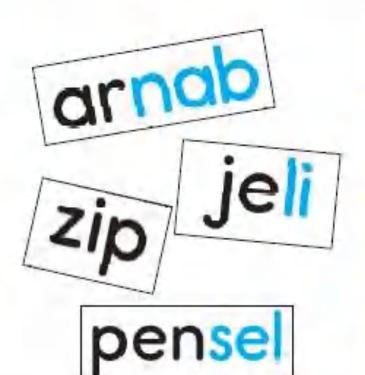


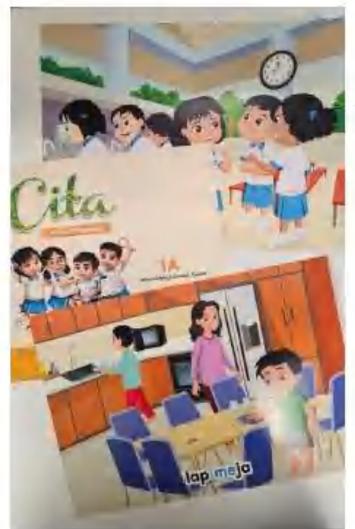
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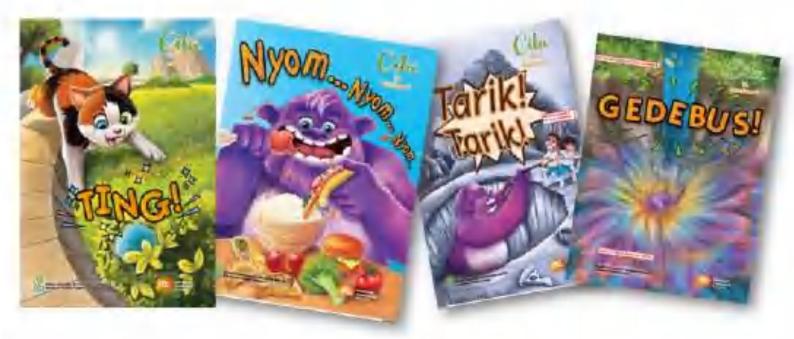
Examples of Learning Resources (Malay)













Examples of Learning Resources (Tamil)













How do teachers and parents know the progress of your child?

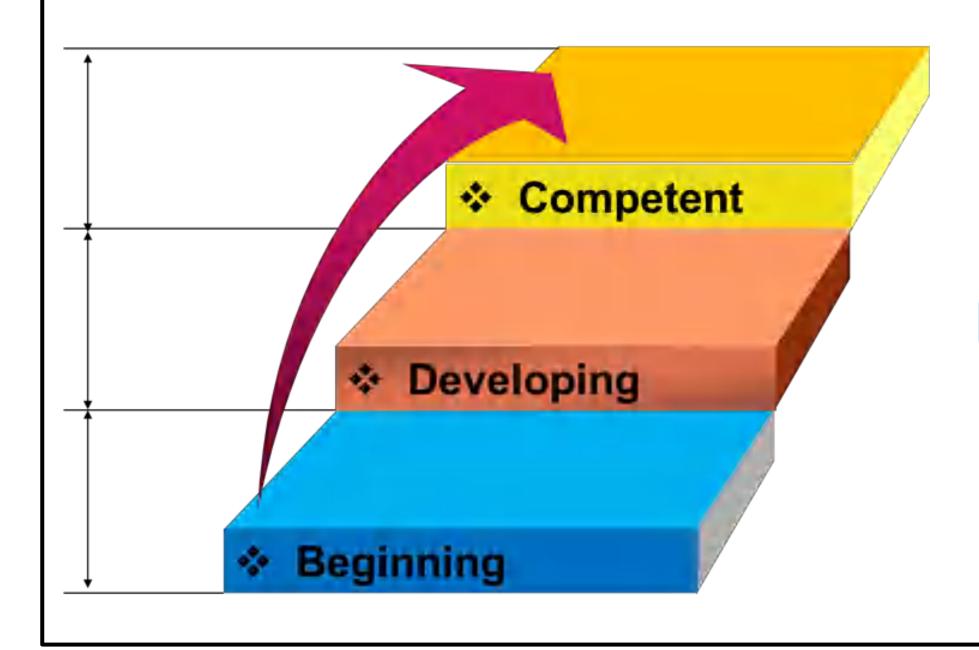
- Students' progress are monitored through their daily work and activities.
- Different range of non-weighted assessment mode allows teachers to provide more accurate and timely feedback to support students' learning, gauge their learning progress and address their learning gaps.







Qualitative descriptors will also be used in place of marks and grades to report students' learning progress.



Holistic Development Profile

Skills	Learning Outcomes
Listening (听)	1. Listen attentively to short, simple spoken content related to daily life.
Speaking and Spoken Interaction (说)	 Speak with correct pronunciation using vocabulary and sentence structures from Primary 1 texts. Ask and/or respond to simple questions related to daily life.
Reading(读)	 Recognise characters taught in Primary 1. (CL) Recognise words taught in Primary 1. (ML) Recognise letters and words taught in Primary 1. (TL) Read aloud Primary 1 texts with accuracy. Understand Primary 1 texts and are able to identify some details with guidance.
Writing (写)	 7. Write words, phrases and simple sentence(s) about daily life with guidance. (CL & ML) • Write words and simple phrases with guidance. (TL)

Supporting your child in MTL Learning

Tips for Parents (video launching in Jan 2024)



 Parents will receive more information on the new curriculum via MOE website and other platforms (e.g. schoolbag, Parent Gateway, schools' parent engagement sessions)



Supporting Your Child Through the Primary 1
Journey









Supporting your child in MTL Learning



Cultivate the love of reading MTL books, e.g. visit the library or borrow e-books



Encourage them to take small steps in learning MTL, e.g. read signs, listen to music



Do fun activities in MTL together, e.g. watch a film or performance



Provide a conducive environment for learning MTL, e.g. access to MTL music and books



- You support can ignite your child's confidence and love for learning MTL
 - Confident and Capable MTL users.









Mathematics Curriculum



Subject Head (Mathematics), Mdm Justina Neo





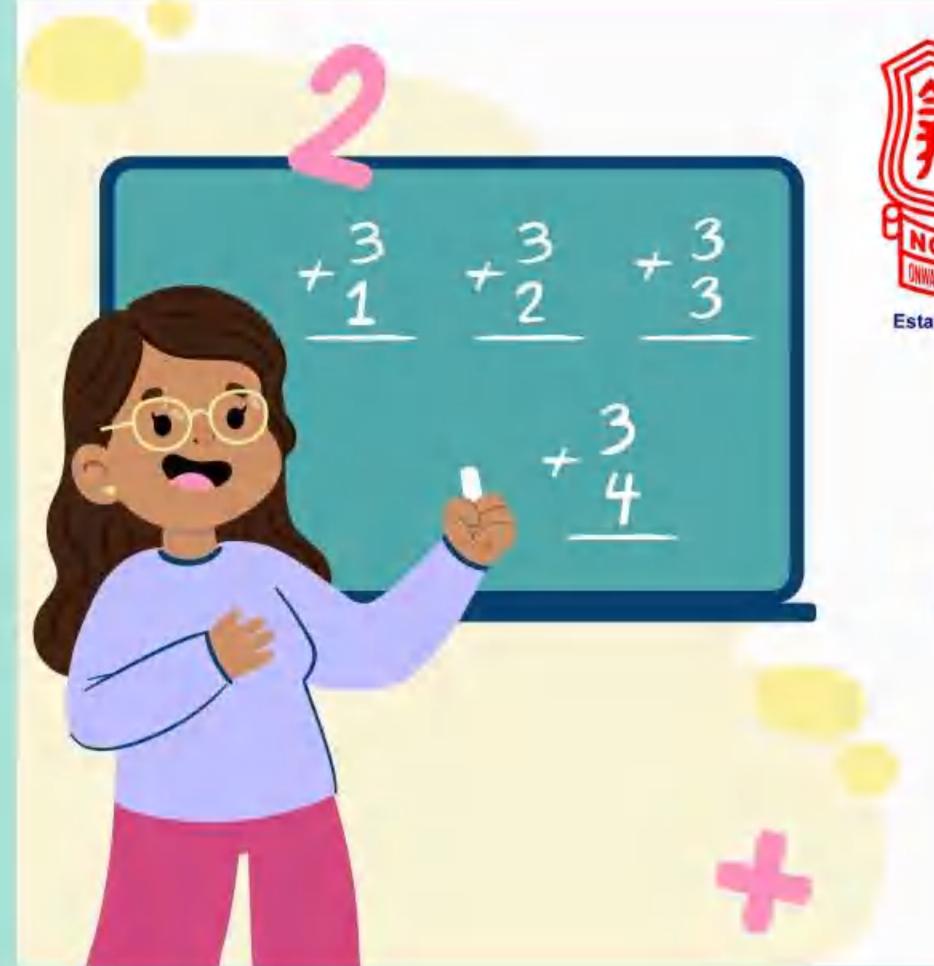














Ngee Ann Primary School

Learning of Mathematics

at Primary 1

Curriculum Framework

Build numeracy and conceptual understanding

Belief, appreciation, confidence, motivation, interest and perseverance

Proficiency in carrying out operations and algorithms, visualising space, handling data and using mathematical tools

Attitudes

Mathematical
Problem Solving

Concepts

Understanding of the properties and relationships, operations and algorithms

Awareness, monitoring and regulation of thought processes

Competencies in abstracting and reasoning, representing and communicating, applying and modelling



Learning Outcomes

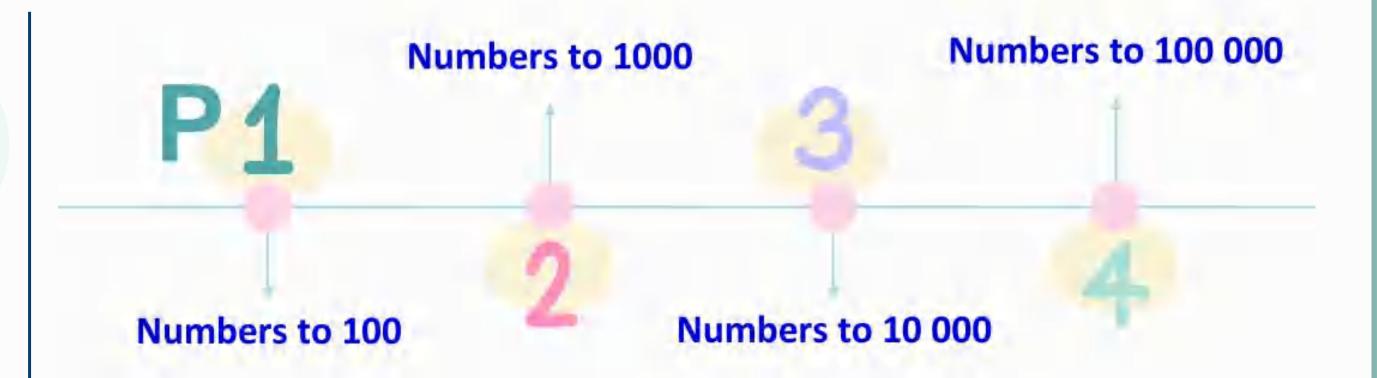
at the start and end of P1



(@ end of P1) (@ start of P1) Learning Outcomes Knowledge, Skills & Dispositions (KSDs) Competencies children should reasonably Milestones students should achieve: demonstrate: Understand numbers up to hundred. Recognise simple patterns such as "apple, orange, apple, orange" Understand addition and subtraction. Recite numbers (1-10) in the right order Add and subtract numbers. Count up to 10 objects Understand multiplication and division. Recognise numbers in numerals and 5. Identify, name, describe and sort words (1 to 10) shapes. 5. Write numbers (1 to 10) 6. Tell time to 5 minutes. Compare which of two groups has 7. Measure and compare lengths using "more", "less" or "same" everyday objects. Read and interpret picture graphs.

Identified knowledge, skills and dispositions and numeracy outcomes

Learning Process



Introduce and build on concepts through a spiralling approach





Use of CPA approach to promote conceptual understanding

Learning Process



What is the relationship between 698 - 5, 698 - 50 and 698 - 55?

Ask questions to foster critical thinking and deepen conceptual understanding







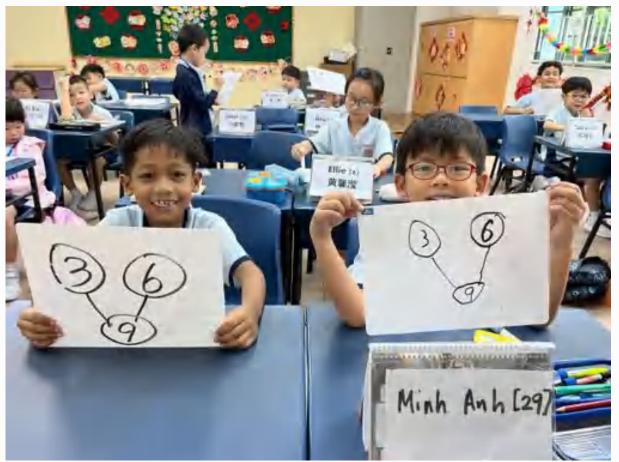


Use a blended approach to enhance learning and sustain interest

Learning at NAPS

A peek into our classrooms



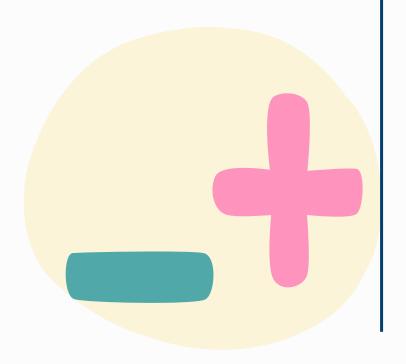


Use of mini whiteboards as learning checkpoints



Math around us

Authenticate learning experiences



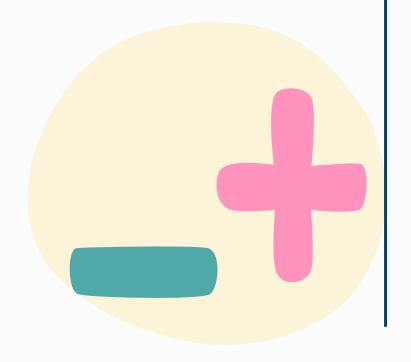


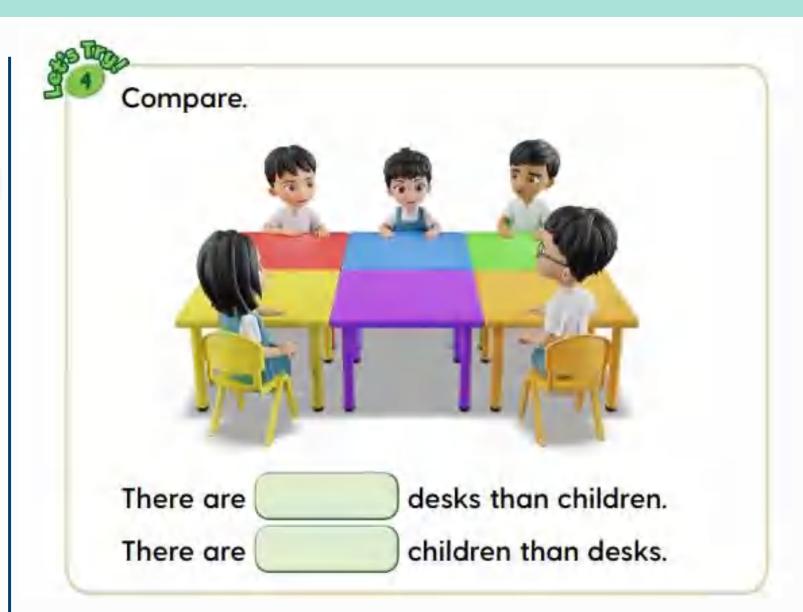


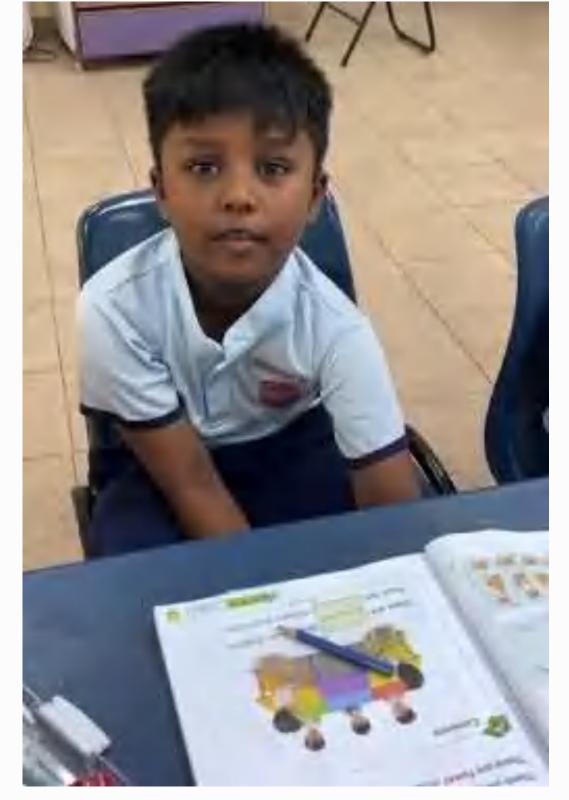
Sharing how numbers come to life around them

Reasoning and communication

Encourage use of Math language to reason ideas



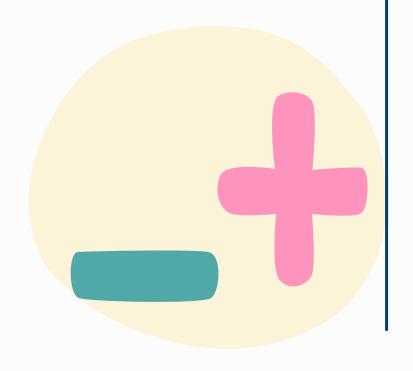


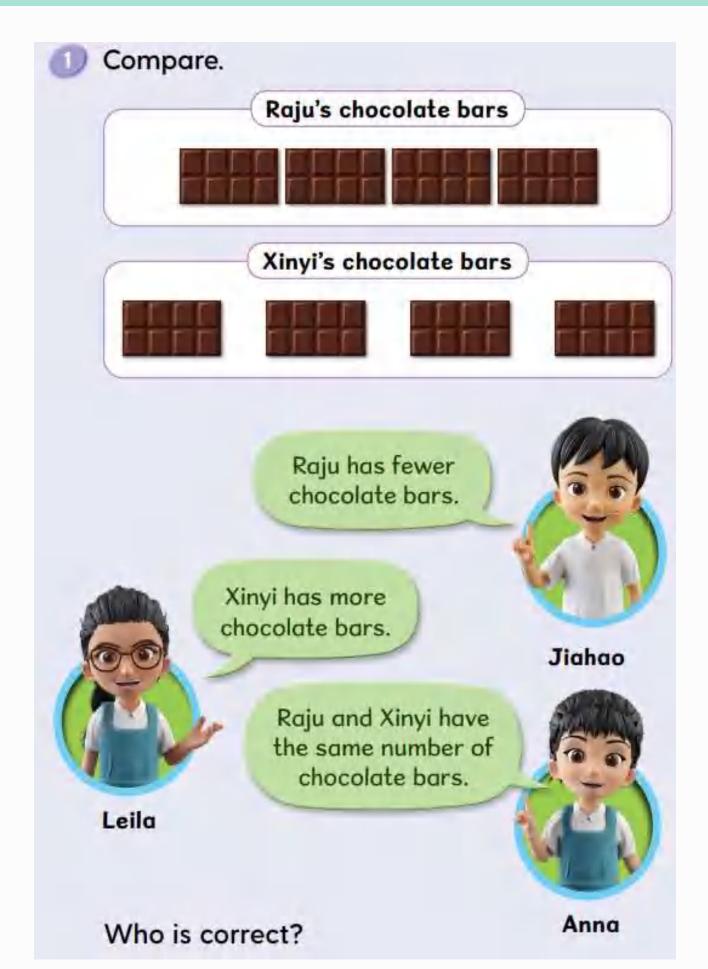


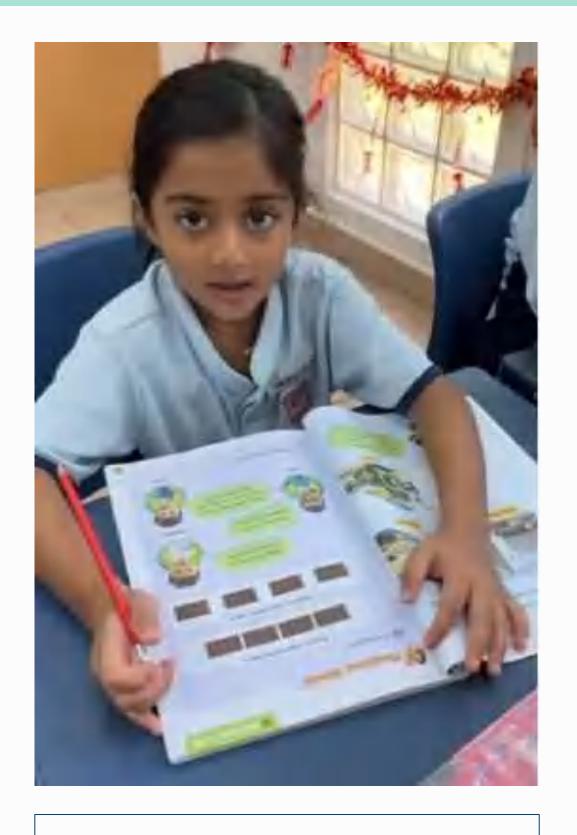
Comparing and reasoning why there are more desks than children

Reasoning and communication

Encourage use of Math language to reason ideas



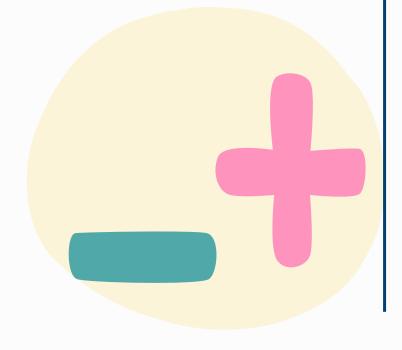




Explaining with clarity why Anna is correct.

Hands-on approach

Concretise learning using manipulatives



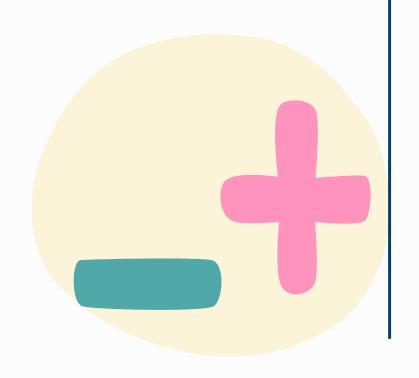


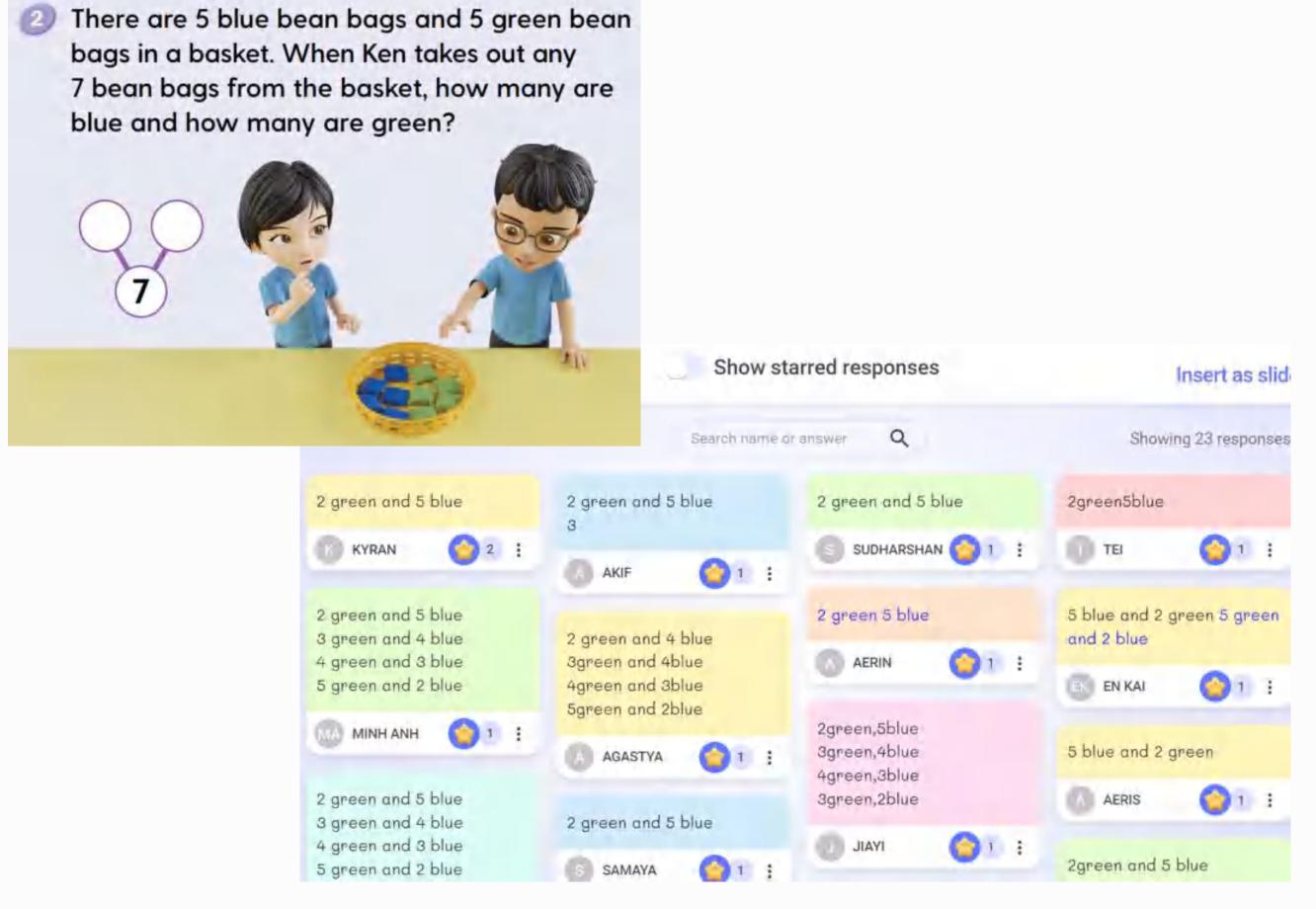


Sharing how they understand the mathematical concepts through the use of manipulatives.

Blended approach

Leverage on technology to make learning visible





Math Programmes

To support and strengthen learners







NAPS Math Week to add excitement using games and puzzles



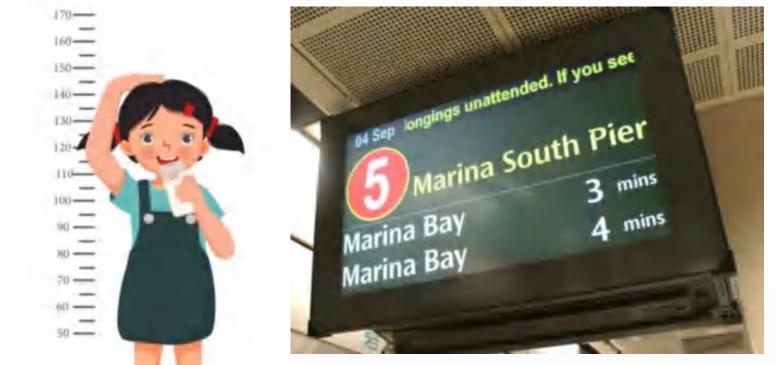


Learning Support for Mathematics (LSM) to support learning and instil confidence



Partnership

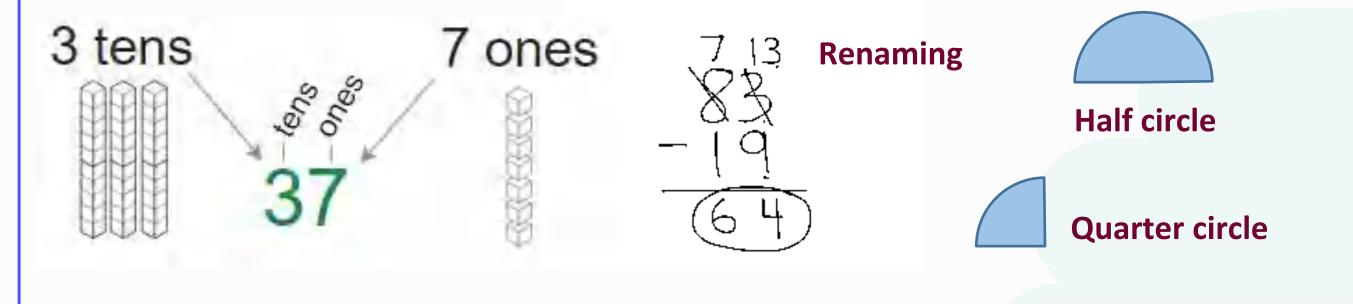
Home and school to bring out joy of learning







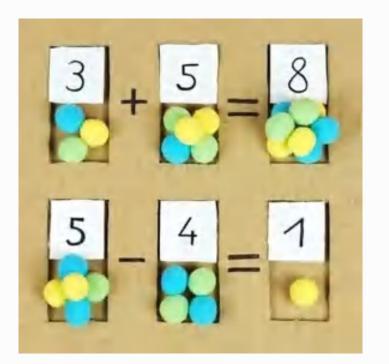
Relate the learning of Math to daily routines

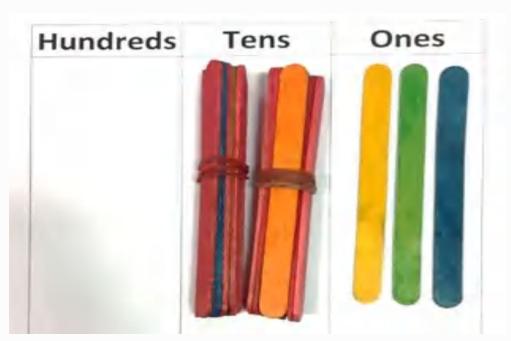


Use common Math vocabulary consistently

Partnership

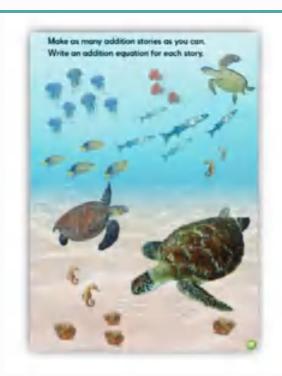
Home and school to bring out joy of learning







Tap on concrete objects to reinforce numeracy concepts









Use stories, songs and games to set meaningful contexts



Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

Email address

lisa_lee-chong@schools.gov.sg neo_poh_tin_justina@schools.gov.sg

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PE & Aesthetics Curriculum

Head of Department (PE/Aesthetics), Mr Shafiruddin





















- Leverages on visual and performing arts to speak to the affective domains of our students and imbibe in them values that will serve as strong moral compass to navigate a future yet unknown.
- Through GRACE, students develop socio-emotional skills and competencies that will enable them to thrive in their lives ahead.







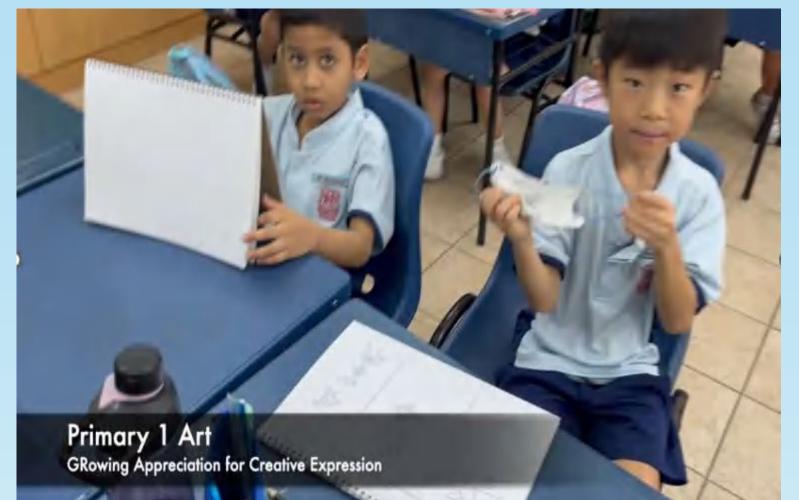
























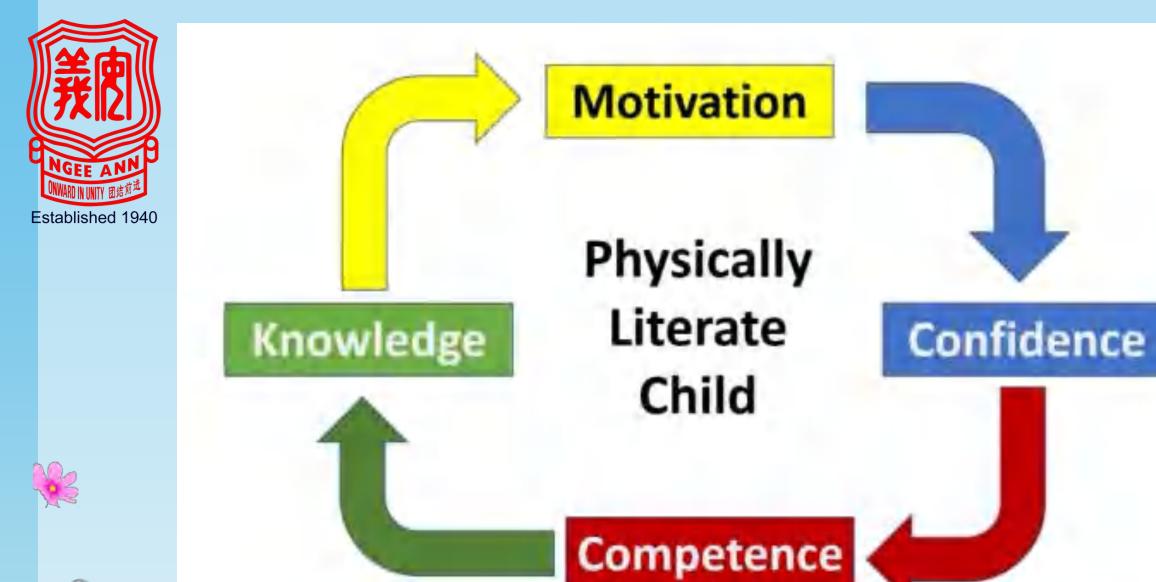




















Physical Literacy

Exposure to wide range of:

Locomotor Skills

Manipulative Skills

















































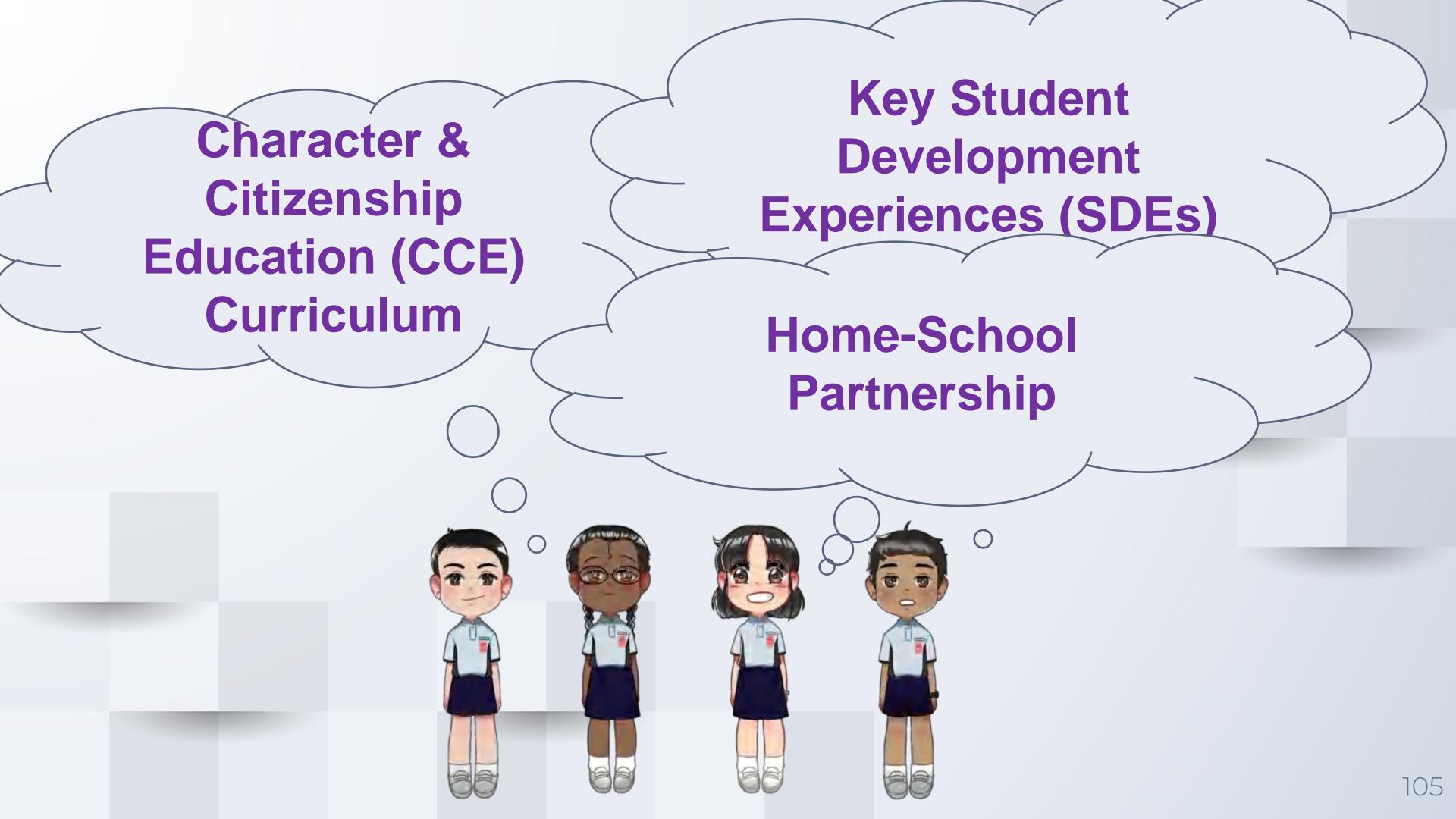








Ngee Ann Primary Character & Citizenship Education (CCE)





CCE Curriculum



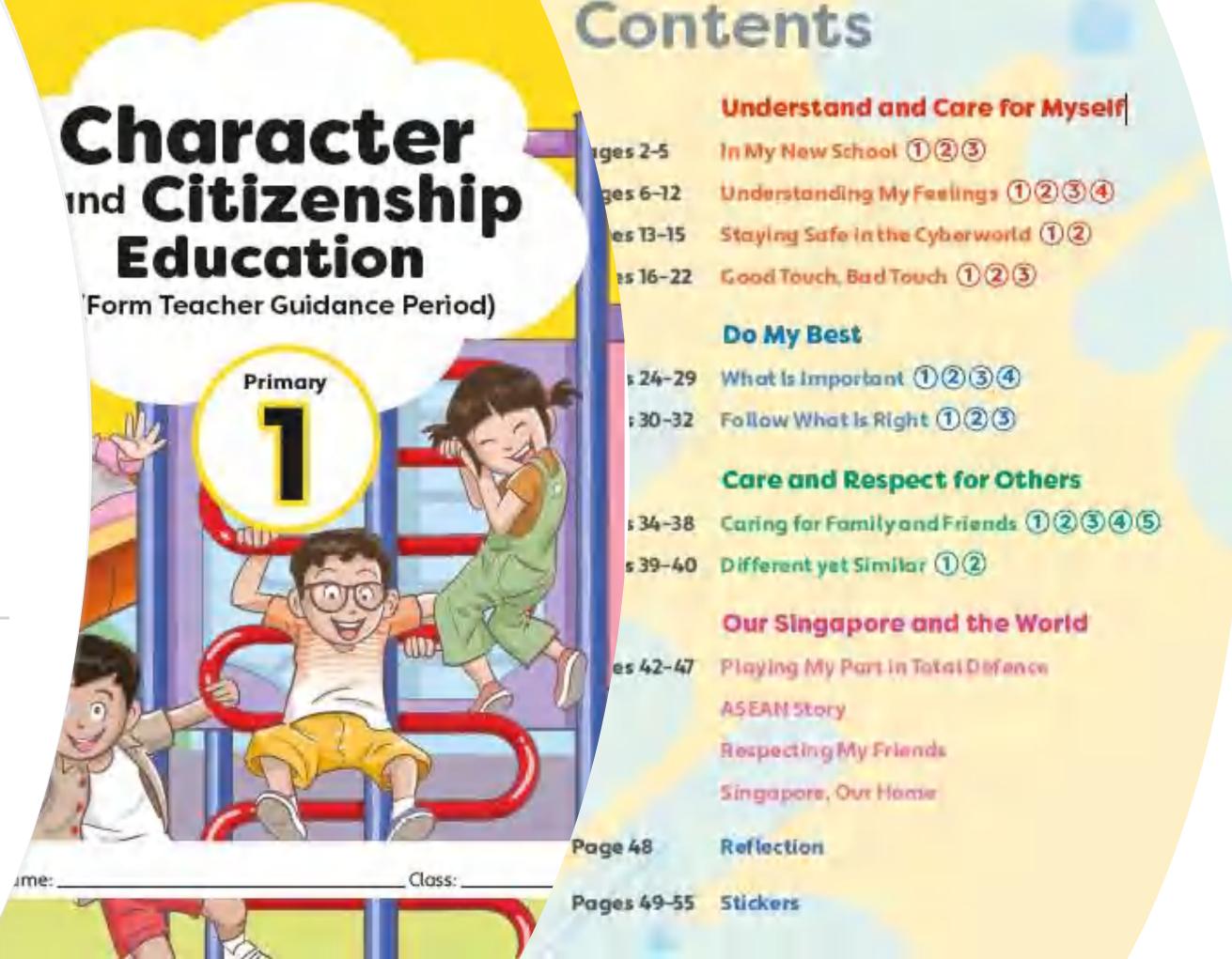
CCE curriculum

- CCE Form Teacher Guidance Period (CCE FTGP)
- CCE Mother TongueLanguage (MTL)
- Programme for Active Learning (PAL)



CCE Form Teacher Guidance Period (CCE FTGP)

1 period per week



CCE Form Teacher Guidance Period (CCE FTGP) Journal



• • • • • • • •





Family Chat Time!

can...

- Ask my family members/guardians:
- » What was your primary school like?
- » What did you enjoy about primary school?
- · Share with my parents/guardians:
- » How I feel about my new school.
- » What I have learnt in school.

We enjoyed Family Time!

Parent's / Guardian's signature

A Note to Parents/Guardians:

The following resources and activities offer tips on how you can help your child/ward cope with his/her transition to Primary 1.

 Supporting Transition (https://go.gov.sg/ plftgp-transitionsupport)



 Social Skills (https://go.gov.sg/ p1ftgp-socialskills)



Understand and Care for Myself





CCE Mother Tongue Language (MTL) 2 periods per week













Programme for Active Learning (PAL)

4 periods per week

Primary One	Primary Two
Outdoor Education	Performing Arts (Drama)
Performing Arts (Music)	Performing Arts (Dance)
Visual Arts	Sports & Games
Life Skills Module	Lego



Key Student Development Experiences (SDEs)

- Values In Action (VIA)
- Cohort Learning Journeys (LJ)
- National Education (NE)
 Commemorative Events







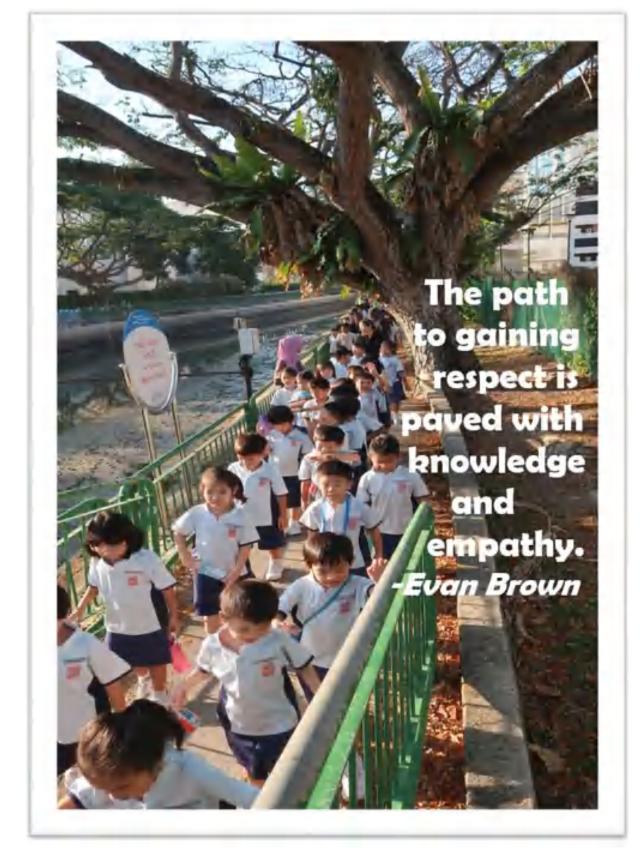
Values In Action (VIA)

I am a Happy Helper

- Cultivate lifelong good habits and responsibility by helping with the household chores
- Learn keep their class clean and create a conducive classroom environment
- Submit a photograph or video of their completed tasks through SLS

Cohort Learning Journeys (LJ)

- Upcoming LJ to Singapore Zoological Gardens
- More details will be provided closer the date.











National Education (NE) Commemorative Events

- Total Defence Day
- International Friendship Day
- Racial Harmony Day
- National Day









Who are character champions?

• Character Champions are students who not only know what the school values are, but have shown them through their actions <u>consistently</u>.

Through this, we hope to encourage more students to strive to do the right thing and be leaders of good character.

Character Champions















YOU











Our Next Engagement with You



Meet-the-Parents Session

- End of Term 2
- Dialogue with the teachers





